

PRT Locations in Afghanistan





LGCD Component 1 – Local Governance

Objectives

•Improve citizen participation in planning, decision-making and oversight of sub-national government

Develop the capacity of sub-national government institutions to be

responsive to citizen needs

Upgrading and equipping of government facilities





LGCD Component 2 – Community Development

Objectives

- •Link communities to government through responsive projects which build confidence
- Mobilize communities to help themselves and to reach out to government to seek improved services
- •Forge closer links between communities and their government





LGCD Component 3 - Local Stability Initiatives

Objectives

- Rapid support to communities to recover after military action and violence
- Demonstrate capacity of government to meet community needs and provide income to residents affected by conflict
- Assessments of local issues contributing to conflicts as directed by USAID/Afghanistan



Photo: community leaders open cash-for-work project in the Tagab District of Kapisa Province



LGCD Component 4 - Support to PRTs

Objective

Provide on-demand technical assistance to PRTs





Bamyan Bazaar Road Project



Large scale and high profile beyond the original scope of the LGCD –USAID approves to be responsive to PRT objectives and political environment





PRT Lessons Learned



RESULT: Coordination is often limited to moving independent "stovepipes" closer together rather than working collaboratively to achieve common objectives

- Working relationships with PRT's vary depending on country, commander and structure
- USAID project development and funding mechanisms are different than military based project development and funding mechanisms (CERP)
- Military view of development is based on output metrics while USAID is based on institutional change outcomes
- Military culture is different than traditional development assistance culture – it affects operations when clearly defined roles are not established.